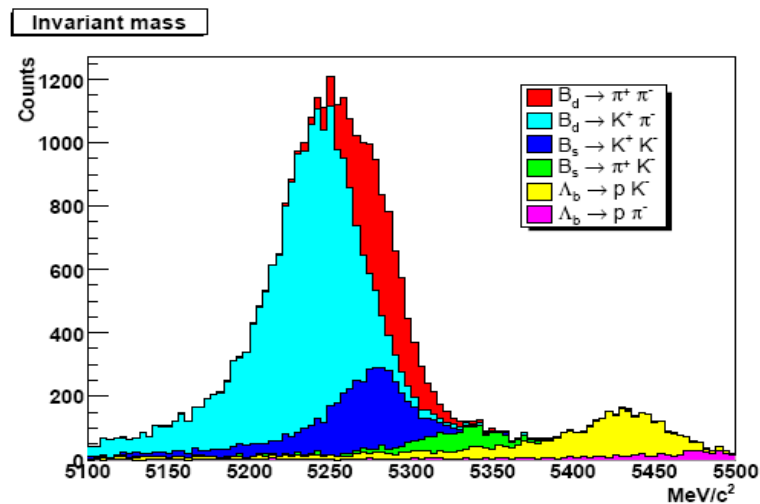


B \rightarrow hh studies: physics case(s) and requirements

Eduardo Rodrigues
University of Glasgow

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- *The B \rightarrow hh family*
- *Physics case(s) & requirements*
- *HLT2 selection or selections?*
- *Mass window cuts*

The B \rightarrow hh family

“Standard” modes:

- $B^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi$, $B_s \rightarrow KK$
- $B^0 \rightarrow K\pi$, $B_s \rightarrow \pi K$

A total of
10 B decays !

Rare modes:

- $B^0 \rightarrow KK$, $B_s \rightarrow \pi\pi$, not yet found experimentally

Related modes:

- $\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK, p\pi$, recently discovery by CDF

Baryonic “cousins”:

- $B^0, B_s \rightarrow p pbar$, not yet found experimentally
- (could also look for final states with a Λ)

Physics case(s) – rather rich!

 = LHCb activity

- $B^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi$: time-dependent asymmetry
 - so far inconsistency in direct CP contribution ($C_{\pi\pi}$) between BaBar and Belle
- $B^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$: direct CP violation measurement
- $B_s \rightarrow \pi^+K^-$: direct CP violation, branching ratio measurement
- $B_s \rightarrow KK$: time-dependent asymmetry, branching ratio measurement, lifetime measurement
- Gronau, Lipkin and Rosner relation
$$\left|A(B_s \rightarrow \pi^+K^-)\right|^2 - \left|A(\bar{B}_s \rightarrow \pi^-K^+)\right|^2 = \left|A(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \pi^+K^-)\right|^2 - \left|A(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^-K^+)\right|^2$$
- $B^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$, $B^+ \rightarrow K^+\pi^0$: \neq in CP asymmetry hard to understand theoretically
- $B^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi$, $B_s \rightarrow KK$: determination of the CP angle γ exploiting U-spin symmetry
- Rare $B \rightarrow h+h'$: $h = \pi, K \dots$ but also a baryon such as p, Λ
- $\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK, p\pi$: lifetime ratio measurements (wrt B^0)
- Etc. List non exhaustive

Requirements to carry out our physics goals

- ❑ We want a selection as efficient as possible
⇒ cuts as loose (and clever!) as possible
- ❑ We want an **inclusive selection**, to pick up our cocktail of modes
⇒ in particular: **mass window cut** as broad as possible
- ❑ We want the best out of the detector
⇒ the largest possible **allocated bandwidth**
- ❑ All in all: a complex and serious optimisation problem ...
- ❑ ... not to mention the “competition” with the rest of the LHCb benchmark B-decays, and **trigger constraints**

HLT2 selection or selections?

At present

- ❖ Every B-decay channel is typically related to an HLT2 selection
 - exclusive, inclusive, common to a group of B-decays
- ❖ Plan A in a nutshell: we optimize for a $B \rightarrow hh$ HLT rate of R Hz, $R \sim 10$, and estimate an efficiency ε

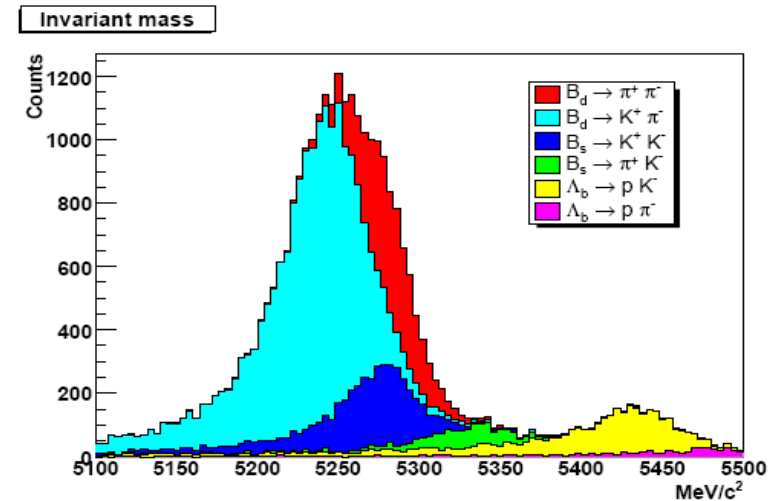
Thinking about the future ...

- ❖ All our estimates have been based on MC studies
 - \Rightarrow we are likely to get it wrong :S
- ❖ If the real-experiment rate turns out to be $\sim R$, we are in business.
 - But if the actual rate is $> R$, we will be simply downscaled!
 - \Rightarrow we then lose statistics (efficiency) proportionally to the downscale factor (!): $\varepsilon_{\text{real}} = \varepsilon_{\text{MC}} / (\text{downscale factor})$
 - Clearly not optimal, even acceptable
- ❖ Plan B:
 - introduce a tighter $B \rightarrow hh$ HLT2 selection that reduces the minimum bias rate by, say, a factor 1.5 or 2, while keeping (hopefully ;-)) the efficiency on signal $> 80\%$ w.r.t. our present HLT2 selection

Comments on mass window cuts (1/3)

What we have as standard in CVS:

- Offline: ± 600 MeV mass window
- HLT2 : ± 300 MeV mass window
- \Rightarrow this is inconsistent; does not make sense
- Most importantly: it will also suppress a lot the rare baryonic modes



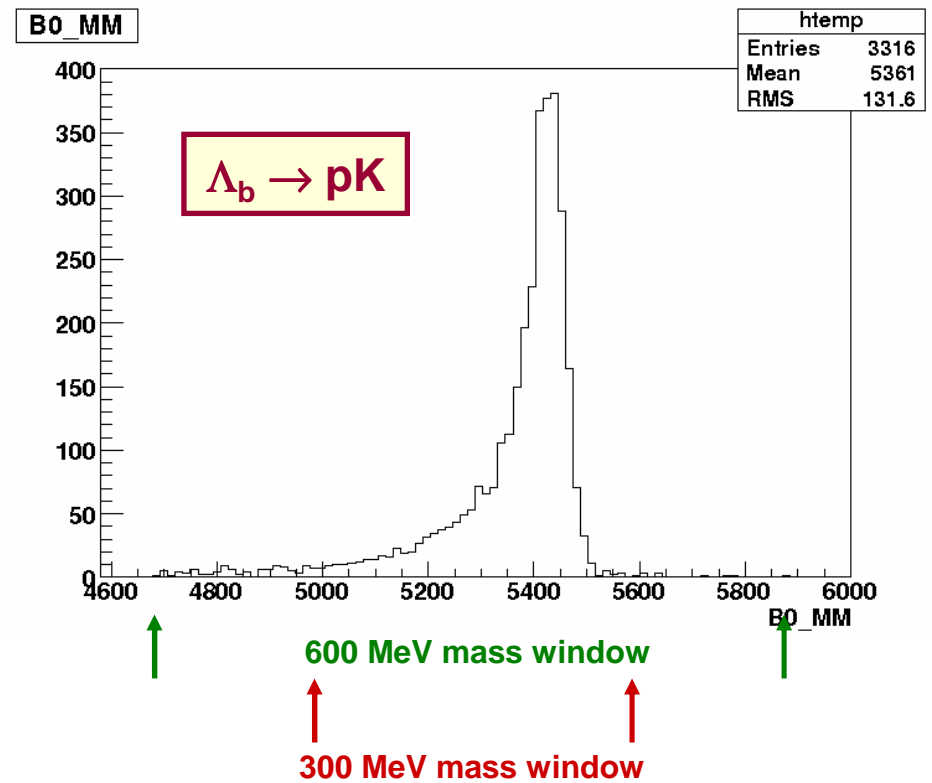
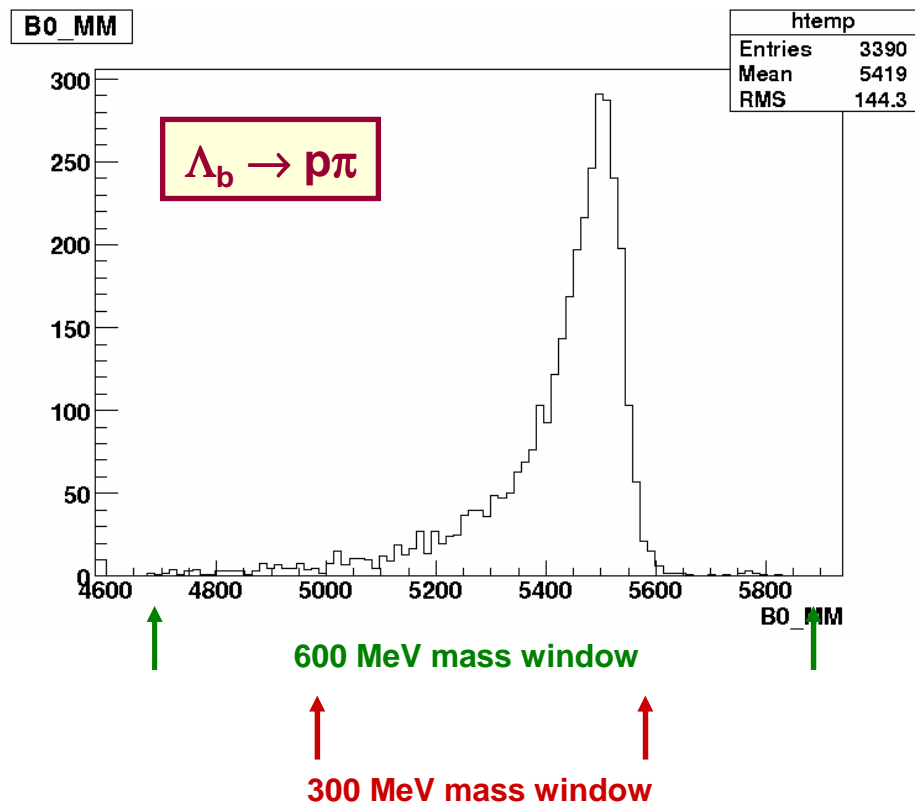
Mass window: $(m_B = 5280 \text{ MeV}) \pm X \text{ MeV}$

Going ever more inclusive:

- Seems to be the trend for us – c.f. latest info from Hans
- Should we envisage this asap? And try and merge our inclusive selection with e.g. $B^+ \rightarrow hhh$? And ...?
- Or potentially dangerous in our case?
- Look at FIDEL?
- Not completely clear to me at this point – needs studies and comparisons

Comments on mass window cuts (2/3)

- Invariant mass distributions after pre-selection assuming pion hypothesis



The new mass window seems to have been chosen to "fit as a glove" ;-)

(thanks to Marco G. for histos)

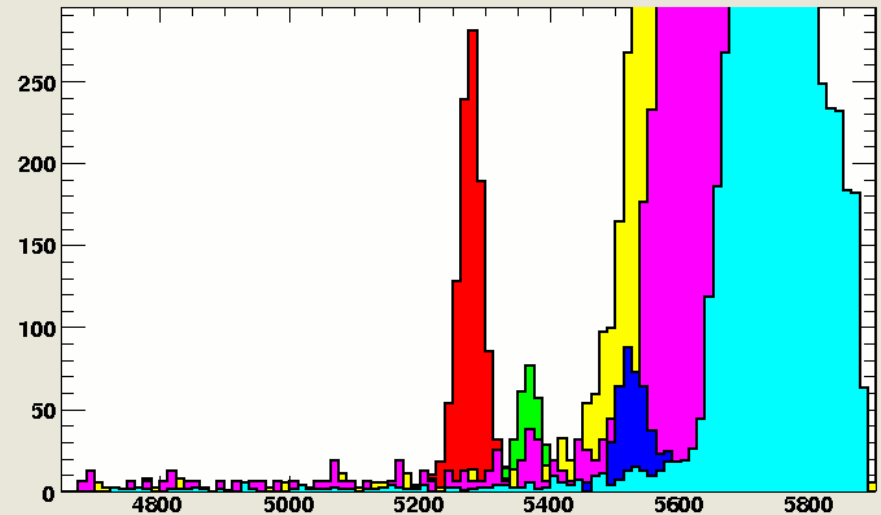
Comments on mass window cuts (3/3)

- Invariant mass distributions after pre-selection assuming pion hypothesis

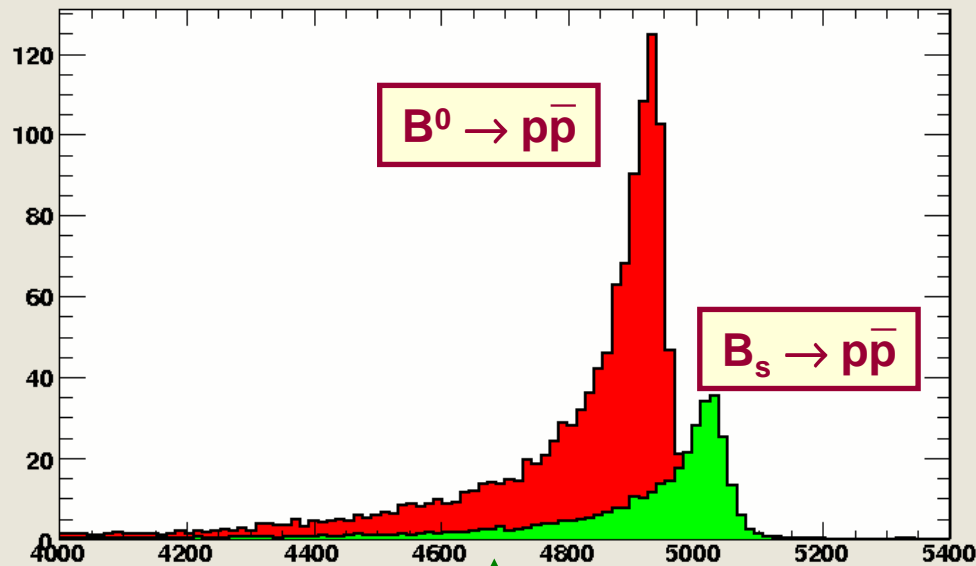
➤ 600 MeV window loses ~15% of signal

pp mass hypothesis; with 4 specific $B \rightarrow hh$ bkg. modes

Mass Distribution for B2hh Channels after Preselection



Mass Distribution for $B_d 2p\bar{p}$ and $B_s 2p\bar{p}$



The new 300 MeV mass window eliminates most of the signal !

600 MeV mass window

300 MeV mass window

(thanks to Laurence for histos)

Remarks, in short

- ❑ **Important message to the outside world – not to undersell: “B2HH” stands for a big family of benchmark channels – 10 B-decays!**
- ❑ **We should introduce a tighter HLT2 selection “for safety reasons”
- I plan to make a “Hlt2TightSelB2HH”**
- ❑ **The topics collected under the B2HH umbrella will suffer if we go for too narrow a mass-window. Suggest (a) this is revisited and (b) an appropriate B2HH bandwidth is negotiated**

P.S.: If you understood I have strong feelings on these matters, then I succeeded in passing the message across ;-)